

Topics:

Bonus - 10 questions

A4.1

Ugly numbers are numbers whose only prime factors are 2, 3 or 5.

- a. Write a program to find whether an input number is ugly or not.
- b. Extend the program to print all the ugly numbers between 1 and 1000.

A4.2

Write a program to find the values of nCr and nPr , given n and r as input.

A4.3

Read the definition of Catalan numbers from [here](#), and write a program to print the first 10 catalan numbers.

A4.4

Take two strings as input from the user. Both strings are in the format HH:MM:SS, hence they represent times. Calculate and print the difference between the first and second time values.

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A4.5

Write a program to get the indices of the two numbers of a given array of integers, such that the sum of the two numbers equal to a specific target.

Example.

Original Array: 4 2 1 5

Target Value: 7

Indices of the two numbers whose sum equal to target value: 7

1 3

A4.6

Write a program to generate all permutations of the first 6 numbers.

A4.7

Given a number N as input, check whether N is prime or not.

A4.8

Given a number N as input, find and print the N^{th} prime number.

Example. 1001th prime number is 7927.

A4.9

Write a function that can add 5 to an integer variable.

You can use the following code structure:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void add_five (/*write your parameters*/)
{
    //write you function definition here
}
int main ()
{
    int val = 10;
    printf ("%d \n", val); //this will print 10
    //call the add_five function here
    printf ("%d \n", val); //this should print 15
    return 0;
}
```

A4.10

Understand the following program and explain what it does.

```
#include<stdio.h>
typedef struct
{
    int max;
    int min;
    float mean;
}three_vals;

three_vals compute (int *arr, int size)
{
    three_vals ret;
    int i;
    int max = arr[0], min = arr[0], sum = 0;
    for (i=0; i<size; i++)
    {
        if (*(arr+i) > max)
            max = arr[i];
        else if (*(arr+i) < min)
            min = arr[i];

        sum += arr[i];
    }
    ret.max = max;
    ret.min = min;
    ret.mean = (float)sum/size;

    return ret;
}

int main ()
{
    int arr[10] = {10,11,12,14,16,15,18,17,27};
    three_vals tv;

    tv = compute (arr, 10);
    printf ("max = %d, min = %d, mean = %f\n", tv.max, tv.min, tv.mean);
    return 0;
}
```

Modify the above program such that the function can also compute and return the standard deviation of the array.

Hint: You will need to make modifications to the function, structure and the print statement.

